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SEAI (Ireland / Irlande)



### Ireland's EEOS



Eceee in partnership with GEO plc Paris, 25th April 2019

www.seai.ie

# **Background to EEOS**

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## Article 7 Target under EED

- Ireland's Article 7 target equates to 1,102GWh PEE per annum
- Ireland adopted an alternative measures approach which includes a supplier obligation.
- A proportion of the target is allocated to regulatory measures and a further amount to other national efficiency programmes (Alternative measures)
- The balance is then allocated as a target to the Obligated Parties
- This target is further split in to energy poor, residential and nonresidential sub targets.

### Energy Efficiency Obligation Scheme (EEOS)

- Obligations on energy suppliers based on market share
- Meet their targets through energy efficiency measures
- Get 'credits' for verified energy savings (kWh)
- 'Demonstrably material' and 'additionality' evidence required
- Domestic Support usually in the form of discounts or bill rebates

Further info at: <a href="https://www.seai.ie/energy-in-business/energy-efficiency-obligation-scheme/">https://www.seai.ie/energy-in-business/energy-efficiency-obligation-scheme/</a>

### **EEOS Overview**

Under the Energy Efficiency Obligation Scheme (EEOS):

- · Oil, electricity, gas and solid fuel suppliers covered
- Companies with final energy sales >600 GWh per year have mandatory energy saving targets
- · The "Obligated Party" must be material to the savings
- The savings counted towards their targets must be measured and verified

Oblig	ated parties
Bord Gais Energy	Bord na Mona
Calor Gas	Electric Ireland
Energia	Enprova
Flogas	Lissan Coal Company
SSE Airtricity	Vayu (Naturgy)
PrePayPower	

Period	Annual Target (GWh)
2014-2016	550
2017	625
2018-2020	700

75% Non-residential	20% residential	5% Energy poverty
412.5	110	27.5
469	125	31
525	140	35

# Typical non-residential measures

Lighting Decommissioning, maintenance, retrofit and controls	Ventilation and air conditioning Free cooling, maintenance, optimisation of operation and general energy management	Transport Eco-driving, fleet and energy management.
Heating Servicing, set point regulation, control and fabric upgrade.	Motors, drives and pumps Replacement, VSDs and control	Combined heat and power To meet 'own use' heat and electricity demand
Refrigeration Temperature control, pipe insulation, relocation and replacement	Compressed air Leak repair, optimisation, redesign and replacement	Industry processes Steam trap inspections, facility programmes and BMS

## Types of supports available from Obligated Parties

#### Financial support

- Direct monetary contribution towards a project
- Facilitating low interest loans
- Negotiating discounts on materials (e.g. lighting supplies, high efficiency pumps, motors)
- Reduced energy prices or tariffs

### **Technical support**

- Providing a certified energy practitioner to carry out energy audits
- Implementing energy management systems
- Identifying energy efficiency opportunities
- Measuring and verifying savings once opportunities have been realised

Examples only, not an exhaustive list

## Notified Alternative Measures

- SME Programme
- Large Industry Energy Network
- Accelerated Capital Allowances
- Building Regulations
  - New Dwellings (2008, 2011, 2015)
  - New Buildings other than Dwellings (2014)
- Efficient Boiler Replacement
- Smart Meters
- VRT / Motor Tax
- Other Policy Measures (e.g. SEAI domestic grants)

# Notified Alternative Measures (SEAI involvement)

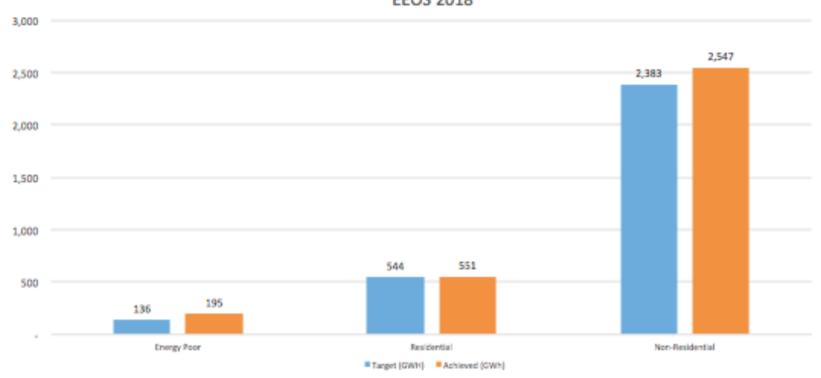
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# Progress to date (2014 to 2018)

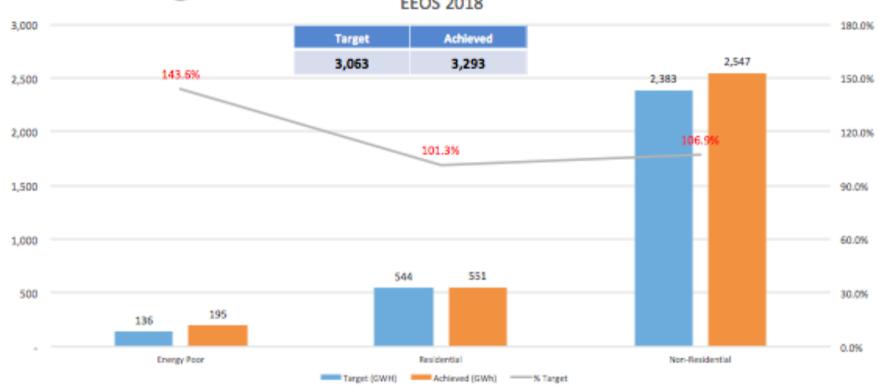
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# EEOS Progress 2014 to 2018



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## EEOS Breakdown by sector

EEOS (2014 to 2018)	Achieved (GWh)	kt CO <sub>2</sub>	EEOS Progress 2014 to 2018 (GWh)
Energy Poor	195.2	45.1	
Residential	551.0	127.3	105
Non-Residential	2,546.7	588.3	195
Total	3,292.9	760.7	551
Current EEOS (2018)	10.3%		
contribution to NEEAP)	2020 Target		
contribution to NEEAP) Predicted EEOS (2020)	2020 Target 13.7%		2,547

# **EEOS Quality Control**

QUALITY CONTROL

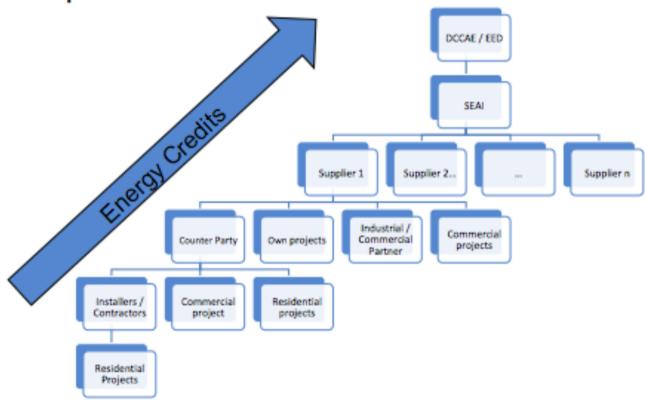
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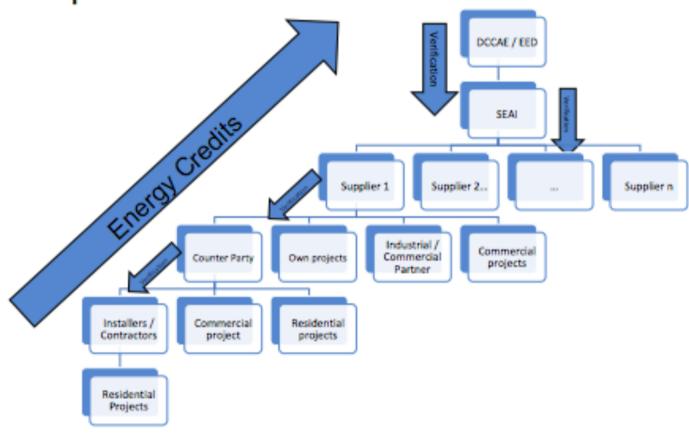
## **EEOS** and Quality Management

- Treat supply of Energy Credits as a product
- Obligated Parties are a supplier of this product to SEAI
- In turn an OP's contractors, partners, own projects etc.
   are suppliers of energy credits to the OP
- Quality management schemes (e.g. ISO 9001) provide a template for ensuring robustness of the processes involved in product delivery

## **EEOS** simplified overview



## **EEOS** simplified overview



# Thank you

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